

Unmanned Maritime Autonomy Architecture (UMAA)



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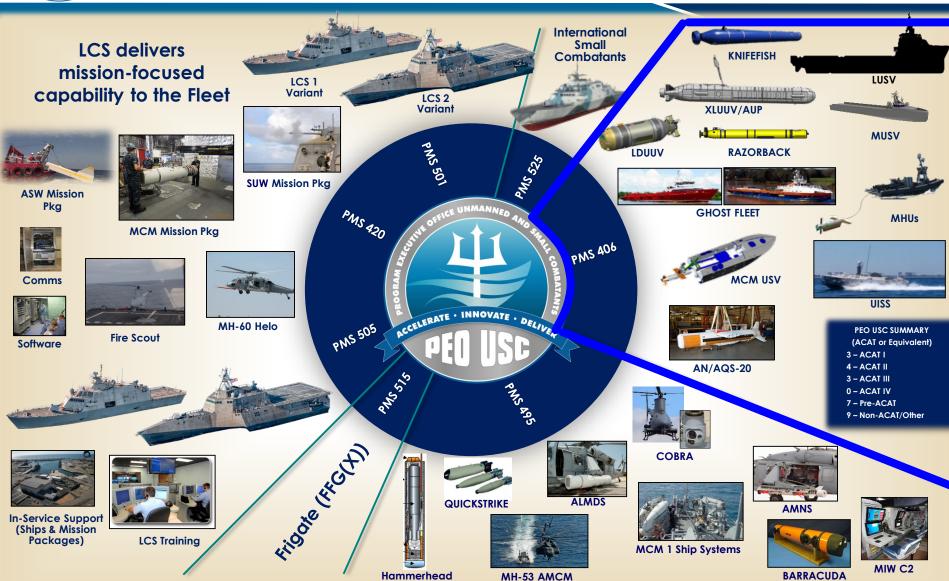




As of March 2019

PEO USC Portfolio







Unmanned Maritime Systems

<u>Unmanned Surface Warfare</u>







Unmanned Expeditionary Warfare





PROTOTYPES

MINE COUNTERMEASURES USV

MINEHUNTING USV



LARGE USV





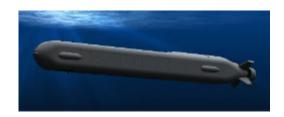


KNIFEFISH

MEDIUM USV

Unmanned Undersea Warfare







ORCA XLUUV



Accelerating Autonomy

Rapid Refresh

Peer Groups

Autonomy Lab

DevSecOps

Common Control

Autonomy Architecture

Enablers

1. Peer Groups

Identify autonomy gaps, requirements, and performance metrics

3. DevSecOps

Automated software tools, services, and standards that enable programs to develop, secure, and deploy applications securely

5. Autonomy Architecture (UMAA)

Standardize autonomy interfaces

2. Autonomy Lab

Uses DevSecOps pipeline to enable developers to rapidly develop and integrate autonomy solutions.

Includes M&S, HWIL and In-Water Testing

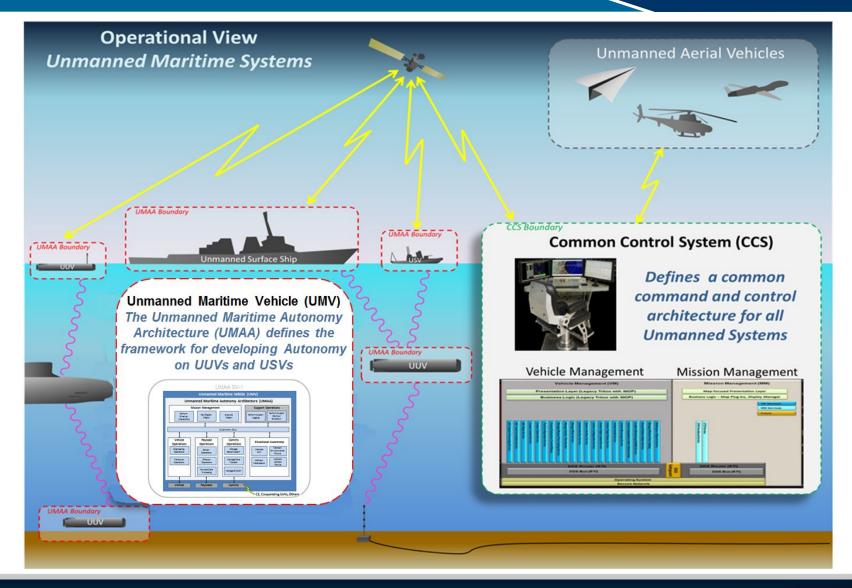
4. Common Control (UMCC)

Standardize vehicle planning and control across all PMS 406 platforms



UMAA Scope







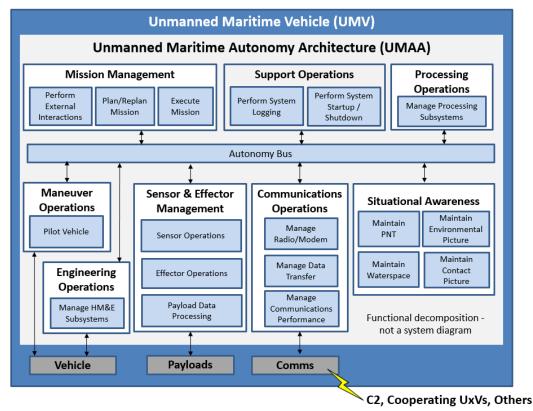
Unmanned Maritime Autonomy Architecture



<u>Purpose:</u> Defines the architectural framework for unmanned maritime autonomous systems <u>Scope:</u> Vehicle-based autonomy architecture onboard unmanned maritime platforms

- Common interface and protocol
- Functional breakout to support standard component interfaces
- Government defines interfaces
- Developers provide software and components
- Component definition next
 - <u>Criteria</u>: standardized interfaces where commonality provides value
 - <u>Modularity goal</u>: different component providers
- Independent component development enabled

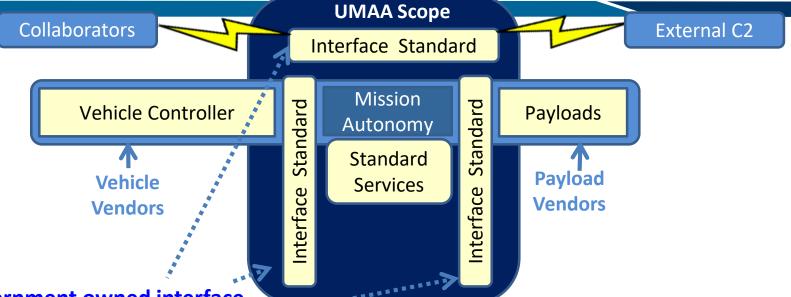
Top Level Functional Breakout*





UMAA Standards





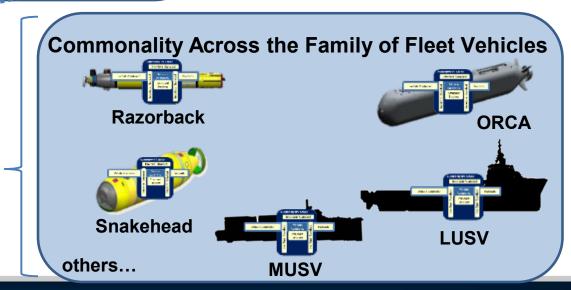
Government owned interface

standard

- Open published interfaces
- Software reuse
- Component/service competition

Portability of capabilities

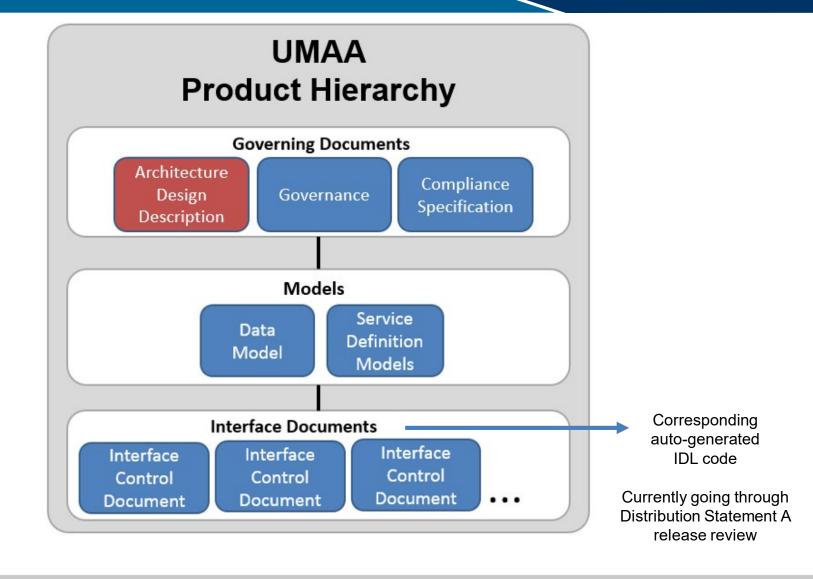
- Vehicle portability (USV and UUV)
- Payload portability
- Services portability





UMAA Products







Architecture Design Description



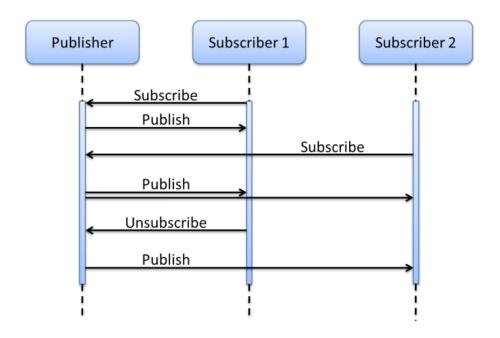
Unmanned Maritime Autonomy Architecture
(UMAA)
Architecture Design Description
(ADD)





Version 1.1a*
(UMAA-INF-ADD)
December 19, 2019

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Communications Infrastructure



Compliance



T0300-BE-IDS-010

NAVSEA TECHNICAL PUBLICATION

Unmanned Maritime Autonomy Architecture (UMAA)
Compliance Specification



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04 AUGUST 2020

3.1 DEFINITIONS

Service – A resource that enables access to one or more capabilities where a capability is the ability to provide data and/or effect change within a system. A Service is defined by its message set and functionality as specified by UMAA ICDs.

Service Provider – A realization (or implementation) of a Service

Service Consumer – Any software that utilizes a Service Provider either to obtain data and/or to effect change within a system

Service Participant – A Service Provider or Service Consumer

Component - A deployable software unit that is no further decomposed into separately managed units. It may consist of one or more Service Providers and/or one or more Service Consumers. A 5 UNCLASSIFIED Component may be implemented as a single process running on a single processor or as multiple processes running over multiple, possibly networked, processors.